the United States requests it. The employee may testify for the United States both as to facts within the employee's personal knowledge and as an expert or opinion witness. For any party other than the United States, the employee may testify only as to facts within his or her personal knowledge.

§615.5 Legal proceedings between private litigants: Testimony and production of documents.

- (a) No employee may produce official records and information or provide any testimony in response to a demand or request unless authorized to do so by the General Counsel in accordance with this part.
- (b) The General Counsel, in his or her discretion, may grant an employee permission to testify or produce official records and information in response to a demand or request. In making this decision, the General Counsel shall consider whether:
- (1) The purposes of this part are met; (2) Allowing such testimony or production of records would be necessary
- to prevent a miscarriage of justice;
 (3) NSF has an interest in the decision that may be rendered in the legal proceeding; and
- (4) Allowing such testimony or production of records would be in the best interest of NSF or the United States.
- (c) If authorized to testify pursuant to this part, an employee may testify as to facts within his or her personal knowledge, but, unless specifically authorized to do so by the General Counsel, shall not:
- (1) Disclose confidential or privileged information;
- (2) Testify as to facts when the General Counsel determines such testimony would not be in the best interest of the Foundation or the United States; or
- (3) Testify as an expert or opinion witness with regard to any matter arising out of the employee's official duties or the functions of the Foundation.

§ 615.6 Legal proceedings between private litigants: Procedure when demand is made.

(a) Whenever an employee is served with a demand to testify in his or her official capacity, or to produce official records and information, the employee shall immediately notify the General Counsel.

- (b) The General Counsel shall review the demand and, in accordance with the provisions of §615.5, determine whether, or on what conditions, to authorize the employee to testify and/or produce official records and information.
- (c) If a response to a demand is required before the General Counsel has made the determination referred to in §615.6(b), the General Counsel shall provide the court or other competent authority with a copy of this part, inform the court or other competent authority that the demand is being reviewed, and seek a stay of the demand pending a final determination. If the court fails to stay the demand, the employee must appear at the stated time and place, produce a copy of this part, and respectfully decline to comply with the demand. "United States ex rel Touhy v. Ragen," 340 US 462 (1951).
- (d) If a court or other competent authority orders that a demand be complied with notwithstanding a final decision by the General Counsel to the contrary, or at any other stage in the process, the General Counsel may take steps to arrange for legal representation for the employee, and shall advise the employee on how to respond to the demand.

§ 615.7 Legal proceedings between private litigants: Office of Inspector General employees.

Notwithstanding the requirements set forth in §§615.1 through 615.6, when an employee of the Office of Inspector General is issued a demand or receives a request to provide testimony or produce official records and information, the Inspector General or his or her designee shall be responsible for performing the functions assigned to the General Counsel with respect to such demand or request pursuant to the provisions of this part.

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